

## Finance facilities available to UK borrowers in response to the COVID-19 crisis

This document sets out the five main finance facilities currently available to UK corporate borrowers who are facing liquidity tightening as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak.

The finance facilities listed below are in addition to any other available relief under existing central bank regimes, for instance, the Bank of England's Asset Purchase Scheme under which it will increase its holdings of sterling non-financial investment-grade corporate bonds which it buys on the secondary market.

Additional forms of relief in response to the COVID-19 crisis have also been provided by the Government, and further information can be found at <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/guidance-to-employers-and-businesses-about-covid-19/covid-19-support-for-businesses>.

This document does not consider government reliefs that indirectly impact on corporate borrowers, such as the Term Funding Scheme, which provides additional funding to lenders to increase their lending to small and medium enterprises (SMEs).

Scheme	UK government-backed COVID Business Interruption Loan Scheme (CBILS)	UK government-backed COVID Bounce Back Loan Scheme (BBLS)	UK government-backed COVID Large Business Interruption Loan Scheme (CLBILS)	Bank of England (BoE) COVID Corporate Financing Facility (CCFF)	UK government-backed "Future Fund" scheme for start-ups (FF)
<b>Summary of measure</b>	<p>This scheme encourages the provision of debt facilities by accredited lenders to eligible small and medium-sized enterprises. Such facilities may include term loans, overdrafts, invoice finance and asset finance up to the value of £5 million.</p> <p>Accredited lenders are provided with a government-backed guarantee that, in the event the borrower fails to repay the debt facility, the Government will instead pay the lender up to 80 per cent of the outstanding balance.</p>	<p>This scheme will offer a loan for 25 per cent, of an eligible business's (SMEs) turnover to a maximum of £50,000. The Government will guarantee 100 per cent of sums borrowed under the scheme.</p>	<p>This scheme is similar to CBILS but is intended to help mid-sized and large businesses with a turnover of over £45 million that are losing revenue and facing disruption to cash flows as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak.</p> <p>Accredited lenders are provided with a government-backed partial guarantee (80 per cent) against the outstanding balance of a debt facility provided to eligible borrowers in the event of a failure to repay.</p> <p>Such facilities may</p>	<p>This scheme intends to help support liquidity among larger businesses by helping them to bridge disruption to their cash flows caused by the COVID-19 outbreak.</p> <p>This will be achieved by the BoE purchasing short-term debt instruments in the form of eligible commercial papers issued by such businesses via their bank. Note the business is still eligible even if they have never issued commercial paper before.</p> <p>The BoE will be making such purchases between 10am and 11am daily. Any business which believes it is eligible will need to first make</p>	<p>This scheme is a convertible loan scheme for innovative, high-growth start-up companies facing financial difficulties to the COVID-19 pandemic who are unable to access the CBILS.</p> <p>In accordance with the scheme, the Government will make unsecured bridge funding available alongside third party investor(s) on a matched basis; such funding must be used for working capital purposes only.</p>

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			<p>include term loans and revolving credit facilities (including overdrafts) up to an amount of £200 million, and invoice finance and asset finance up to the value of £50 million, each for businesses with a turnover exceeding £45 million. The upper limit of what is able to be borrowed depends on certain metrics (see ‘Finance Terms’ below).</p> <p>Note that various changes were made to CLBILS that took effect from 26 May 2020; those changes are reflected in this table.</p>	<p>an application to the BofE (via their bank or a bank participating in the scheme).</p>	
<p><b>Who are the target firms, and what are the eligibility criteria?</b></p>	<p>Debt facilities are only available to SMEs that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>are UK-based in their business activity;</li> <li>have an annual turnover of up to £45 million (for firms that form part of a group,<sup>1</sup> this should be calculated on a group</li> </ul>	<p>It will be available to SME’s that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>are UK- based in their business activity and established by 1 March 2020;</li> <li>have been adversely impacted by COVID-19;</li> <li>is not currently using a</li> </ul>	<p>The borrower must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>be UK-based in their business activity;</li> <li>have an annual turnover exceeding £45 million;</li> <li>not have received a facility under the CCFF;</li> </ul>	<p>The issuer (i.e. the business issuing commercial paper via their bank) must be making a “material contribution to the UK economy” Factors the BofE will take into account include whether the issuer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>is a UK incorporated company (which includes UK companies with</li> </ul>	<p>In order to be eligible for the scheme, each of the investor(s) and the company must meet specific criteria.</p> <p>The investor must fall within the following categories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>an “investment professional” within the meaning given to that term in article 19 of the</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> It is unclear what is meant by the term ‘group’. The FAQs refer to a control relationship on a legal or de facto basis. Further guidance on what this actually means may be provided at a later date.

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	<p>basis taking into account the position in the 12 months preceding the application. More than one entity in the group can apply under CBILS provided the consolidated group turnover does not exceed £45 million);</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• generate more than 50 per cent of their turnover from trading activity;</li> <li>• will use the facility to primarily support trading in the UK;</li> <li>• have a borrowing proposal which, were it not for the COVID-19 pandemic, would be considered viable by a lender; and</li> <li>• must self-certify that they have been adversely impacted by COVID-19</li> </ul> <p>The persons that are able to benefit from the CBILS comprise the following, provided their business activity is operated through</p>	<p>government-backed COVID-19 scheme; and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• was not an ‘undertaking in difficulty’ on 31 December 2019 and does not breach State aid restrictions;</li> <li>• at the time of submitting their loan application, the business is neither in bankruptcy, debt restructuring proceedings, liquidation or similar; and</li> <li>• more than 50% of the income of the business (together with that of any member of any group of which it is a part) is derived from its trading activity.</li> </ul> <p>The following trades and organisations cannot apply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• banks, building societies, insurers and reinsurers (but not insurance brokers);</li> <li>• public-sector bodies;</li> <li>• State-funded primary and secondary schools;</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• generate more than 50 per cent of its turnover from trading activity;</li> <li>• self-certify that it has been adversely impacted by COVID-19; and</li> <li>• have a borrowing proposal which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the lender would consider viable, were it not for the current pandemic; and</li> <li>b) the lender believes will enable the business to trade out of any short- to medium-term difficulty.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Businesses from any sector can apply, except the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• credit institutions, building societies, insurers and reinsurers (but not insurance brokers);</li> <li>• public-sector bodies;</li> <li>• further education</li> </ul>	<p>foreign-incorporated parents) with a genuine business in the UK;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• is a significant employer in the UK;</li> <li>• is headquartered in the UK;</li> <li>• generates significant revenue in the UK;</li> <li>• serves a large number of customers in the UK; and</li> <li>• has number of operation sites in the UK.</li> </ul> <p>Be able to demonstrate that it was in “sound financial health” prior to the COVID-19 pandemic This translates as an issuer who, as of 1 March 2020, had a short or long-term rating of <u>investment grade</u>. There are different ways issuers may be able to demonstrate they were ‘investment grade’:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) By having or acquiring a public investment grade rating from one of the major credit ratings agencies (S&amp;P, Moody’s, Fitch or DBRS Morningstar). An</li> </ul>	<p>Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (FPO);</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a high net worth company, unincorporated associated or high value trust falling within article 49(2) of the FPO;</li> <li>• a “certified sophisticated investor” or a “self-certified sophisticated investor” within the meaning given in articles 50 and 50A respectively of the FPO;</li> <li>• a “certified high net worth individual” within the meaning of article 48 of the FPO;</li> <li>• an equivalent professional, high-net worth, institutional or sophisticated investor in accordance with applicable law and regulation in such investor’s home jurisdiction;</li> <li>• an association of high net-worth or sophisticated investors within the meaning of article 51 of the FPO; or</li> <li>• capable of being classified</li> </ul>

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	<p>a business account:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sole traders;</li> <li>• freelancers;</li> <li>• body corporates;</li> <li>• limited partnerships;</li> <li>• limited liability partnerships; and</li> <li>• Any other legal entity carrying out business in the UK with an annual turnover up to £45 million.</li> </ul> <p>The following trades and organisations cannot apply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• banks;</li> <li>• insurers and reinsurers (but not insurance brokers);</li> <li>• public-sector bodies</li> <li>• further education establishments;</li> <li>• employer, professional, religious or political membership organisations; and</li> <li>• trade unions.</li> </ul> <p>Note that on 1 April 2020, the Finance and Leasing Association (FLA)</p>	<p>and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an individual other than a sole trader or a partner acting on behalf of a partnership.</li> </ul>	<p>establishments (if grant-funded); and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State-funded primary and secondary schools.</li> </ul>	<p>investment grade rating means either: (i) a short-term credit rating of A3/P3/F3/R3 or above; or (ii) a long term credit rating of BBB-/Baa3/BBB-/BBB (low) or above. Note that if multiple ratings have been obtained; it is the lowest rating that will be considered and must also be equivalent to investment grade.</p> <p>b) In the event an issuer does not have a public credit rating, by applying to the BoE for a credit rating (which will essentially be achieved by the BoE aggregating estimates from the largest UK banks). An issuer thinking of this route should first check with their main bank if their business was rated by the bank as investment grade internally.</p> <p>c) In the event an issuer believes it is unlikely they were rated investment grade by multiple banks; by seeing an assessment</p>	<p>as a “professional client” within the meaning given in the glossary to the FCA Rules.</p> <p>The company must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• be UK-incorporated (unless it is eligible as a non-UK parent company that participated in an Accelerator Programme before 19 April 2020 see below for more detail).</li> <li>• If your business is part of a corporate group, it must be the ultimate parent company to be eligible;</li> <li>• have raised in the past five years (from 1 April 2015 to 19 April 2020, inclusive), at least £250,000 in equity investment from private third party investors in previous funding rounds;</li> <li>• not have any of its shares or other securities listed on a regulated market, a multilateral trading facility, a recognised investment exchange and/or any other similar market, stock exchange or listing venue;</li> <li>• be incorporated on or</li> </ul>

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	<p>published a statement clarifying that following discussions with the Government (via the British Business Bank (BBB)), independent and non-bank lenders will be able to access funding as borrowers. Certain other financial services firms, such as FCA-regulated intermediaries and advisers, may be eligible to apply for funding if they satisfy the relevant criteria.</p> <p>From the 30 July 2020 previous businesses that were classed as undertakings in difficulty and as a consequence were unable to access the CBILS can now do so due to EU changes in State Aid Law provided they:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• have fewer than 50 employees;</li> <li>• have a annual turnover and/or annual balance sheet total of less than £9 million;</li> <li>• are not subject to a collective insolvency</li> </ul>			<p>from one of the major credit rating agencies mentioned above (with such assessment considering the position as of 1 March 2020) which can then be shared with the BofE and HM Treasury.</p> <p>The following entities will not be eligible:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial sector entity (i.e. firms regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority/Prudential Regulation Authority);</li> <li>• leverage investment vehicle;</li> <li>• companies within a group that is predominantly active in businesses subject to Financial Services regulation; and</li> <li>• public bodies or authorities.</li> </ul> <p>Notwithstanding the above, a business can be: A finance subsidiary (In these cases, the BofE will require an acceptable guarantee from the parent company. Where</p>	<p>before 31 December 2019; and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• at least one of the following is true (if you are non-UK jurisdiction company this applies to your ultimate parent company) : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>half or more employees are UK-based; or</li> <li>half or more revenues are from UK sales.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>The eligibility criteria was expanded on 30 June 2020 to include innovative companies that participate in accelerator programmes based outside the UK. To benefit from the FF, such non-UK companies must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• be equivalent of a UK limited company in the relevant non-UK jurisdiction;</li> <li>• have participated in an accelerator programme (open and competitive programmes which are designed to select and foster early stage companies outside of the UK), on or before 19 April 2020, and participation in the accelerator mandated</li> </ul>

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	<p>procedure under national law; and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>are not in receipt of rescue aid (which has not been repaid) or restructuring aid (and are still subject to a restructuring plan).</li> </ul>			<p>the parent company is not UK incorporated, the guarantor should provide a legal opinion on the guarantee. Pro forma documents are available).</p>	<p>incorporation of the ultimate parent company in a non-UK jurisdiction;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>if the group (or any entity within the group) was in existence before the company was incorporated, the ultimate parent company of the group (or the sole entity, if applicable) must have been incorporated in the UK;</li> <li>be the ultimate parent company of a group which contains at least one subsidiary operating company incorporated in the UK on or before 31 December 2019; and</li> <li>have received investment from the accelerator programme on or before 19 April 2020.</li> </ul> <p>Please note that all applications for accelerator companies will be assessed against UK government investment standards on specific jurisdictions.</p>

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<p><b>What are the eligibility criteria of financial instruments, or features of the debt facility?</b></p>	<p><b>Finance terms:</b></p> <p>There is no guarantee fee for SMEs to access the CBILS.</p> <p>The maximum value of a facility is £5 million, available on repayment terms of up to six years for term loans and asset finance. For overdrafts and invoice finance facilities, terms will be up to three years.</p> <p>The Government will guarantee to the lender up to 80 per cent of the outstanding guarantee facility balance. The borrower remains 100 per cent liable for the debt.</p> <p>For borrowers, the Government will provide a ‘Business Interruption Payment’ equivalent to 12 months of interest and fees payable on the facility. Some lenders have confirmed they will not charge an arrangement fee or early repayment charge to SMEs taking advantage of the CBILS. Fishery,</p>	<p><b>Finance Terms:</b></p> <p>A loan for 25 per cent of an eligible business’s turnover (for amounts between £2,000 - £50,000).</p> <p>The government has set the interest rate for this facility at 2.5% per annum.</p> <p>The UK Government will guarantee 100 per cent of the loan and will pay fees and interest for the first 12 months.</p> <p>No principal repayments will be due during the first 12 months. No guarantee fee for businesses or lenders to access the scheme.</p> <p>Tenors will be up to six years but early repayment is allowed without early repayment fees.</p> <p>In contrast to the CBILS, there will be no forward-looking tests of business</p>	<p><b>Finance Terms:</b></p> <p>The minimum maturity is three months and the maximum maturity is three years.</p> <p>The financing can take the form of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a term loan;</li> <li>• revolving credit facility (including an overdraft), each up to a maximum of £200 million, and:</li> <li>• invoice financing; or</li> <li>• asset financing, each up to a maximum of £50 million.</li> </ul> <p>The Government will guarantee to the lender up to 80 per cent of the outstanding guarantee facility balance. The borrower remains 100 per cent liable for the debt.</p> <p>The amount borrowed should be a maximum of the higher of:</p> <p>a) double the annual wage bill in respect of</p>	<p><b>The commercial paper must:</b> Use the pre-approved or at least, be based on standard commercial paper issued using ICMA standard documentation.</p> <p>Note ICMA is making its documentation available for free to non-ICMA members.</p> <p>Commercial paper that includes non-standard features (e.g. extendibility or subordination) will not be approved.</p> <p>The documentation should include key standard terms such as the documentation being governed by English law and being subject to the jurisdiction of the English courts.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1397 1034 1771 1383"> <tr> <td data-bbox="1397 1034 1547 1267">Be issued directly into Euroclear and/or Clearstream</td> <td data-bbox="1547 1034 1771 1267">Where longer-term debt is issued, this may be subject to other asset purchase frameworks.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1397 1267 1547 1383"></td> <td data-bbox="1547 1267 1771 1383">Euroclear and Clearstream usually take 10 business days</td> </tr> </table>	Be issued directly into Euroclear and/or Clearstream	Where longer-term debt is issued, this may be subject to other asset purchase frameworks.		Euroclear and Clearstream usually take 10 business days	<p><b>Finance Terms:</b></p> <p>The minimum amount of the loan to be provided by the Government will be £125,000 and the maximum £5 million.</p> <p>The amount being provided by the Government must be matched such that the Government’s provision is no more than 50 per cent of the overall bridge funding being provided. Note that there is no cap on the matched amount provided by third party investors (which can therefore exceed the amount provided by the Government).</p> <p>Funding must not be used to (a) repay any borrowings;(b) pay any dividends for a period of twelve months from the date of the relevant convertible loan agreement; (c) pay any bonuses; (d) pay any advisory fees.</p> <p>The loans will have a minimum of 8 per cent per annum (non-compounding) interest charge applied. This interest will be higher if the company and the investor(s) agree between themselves. Unlike a typical</p>
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	<p>aquaculture and agriculture businesses may not be able to benefit from the full Business Interruption Payment.</p> <p><b>Security and guarantees:</b></p> <p>For facilities under £250,000, no personal guarantees may be taken.</p> <p>For facilities above £250,000:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>personal guarantees may be required, at the lender’s discretion;</li> <li>Principal Private Residence is not to be taken as security; and</li> <li>recoveries where personal guarantees are provided are capped at a maximum of 20 per cent of the outstanding balance of the CBILS facility after the proceeds of business assets have been realised.</li> </ul> <p>Facilities under the CBILS can be provided on a secured or unsecured basis.</p>	<p>viability.</p> <p><b>Security and guarantees</b></p> <p>No personal guarantees are allowed, and no recovery action can be taken over a principal private residence or principal private vehicle.</p>	<p>the UK business of the borrower for 2019;</p> <p>b) 25% of the total turnover of the borrower’s UK business in 2019; or</p> <p>c) with appropriate justification and based on self-certification of the borrower of its liquidity needs, an amount to cover the liquidity needs of the UK business for the 12 months following the granting of the relevant facility, or such other amount as is notified to the lender by the guarantor from time to time.</p> <p>Unlike the CBILS:</p> <p>a) the Government will not pay the first 12 months of interest charges and any arrangement fees but;</p> <p>b) the CLBILS guarantee will cover interest and fees, as</p>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2" data-bbox="1397 316 1547 395">to approve documentation</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" data-bbox="1397 395 1547 443">Be issued in sterling</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" data-bbox="1397 443 1547 651">The minimum size of an individual security to be purchased from any individual issuer is £1 million, and offers must be rounded to the nearest £0.1 million.</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" data-bbox="1397 651 1547 911">For primary market purchases, the BofE will impose individual issuer limits, the quantum of which depends on differing factors. An indicative guide to the maximums dependent on ratings is set out below:</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1397 911 1547 991"><u>Rating/eqivalent</u></td> <td data-bbox="1547 911 1771 991"><u>Initial issuer limit</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1397 991 1547 1070">A1/P1/F1/R1</td> <td data-bbox="1547 991 1771 1070">Up to £1 billion</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1397 1070 1547 1150">A2/P2/F2/R2</td> <td data-bbox="1547 1070 1771 1150">Up to £600 million</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="1397 1150 1547 1230">A3/P3/F3/R3</td> <td data-bbox="1547 1150 1771 1230">Up to £300 million</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" data-bbox="1397 1230 1547 1396"><b>Restrictions of Use</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" data-bbox="1397 1321 1547 1396">CCFF participants that wish to borrow money beyond 12</td> </tr> </table>		to approve documentation		Be issued in sterling		The minimum size of an individual security to be purchased from any individual issuer is £1 million, and offers must be rounded to the nearest £0.1 million.		For primary market purchases, the BofE will impose individual issuer limits, the quantum of which depends on differing factors. An indicative guide to the maximums dependent on ratings is set out below:		<u>Rating/eqivalent</u>	<u>Initial issuer limit</u>	A1/P1/F1/R1	Up to £1 billion	A2/P2/F2/R2	Up to £600 million	A3/P3/F3/R3	Up to £300 million	<b>Restrictions of Use</b>		CCFF participants that wish to borrow money beyond 12		<p>bank loan, the interest is not payable on a monthly basis and instead will accrue until the loan converts. At this point, the interest will either be repaid or convert in equity.</p> <p>Investors and the FF both invest using a convertible loan agreement, which is predefined and cannot be negotiated.</p>
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	<p>The financing will take the form of a bridge loan which shall mature after a maximum of 36 months; and be subject to a minimum of 8 per cent per annum interest. The loan shall convert into the most senior class of shares in the company upon either:</p> <p>a) the company’s next qualifying funding round (this being where the company raises and amount in equity capital equal to the aggregate amount of the bridge funding) at a minimum conversion discount of 20 per cent; or</p> <p>b) the company’s next non-qualifying round (this being where the company raises less equity capital than the aggregate amount of the bridge funding) at the election of the majority of matched investors.</p> <p>In the event of a sale or IPO, or maturity of the loan; the loan shall either convert</p>		<p>well as principal.</p> <p><b>Security and guarantees:</b></p> <p>For facilities under £250,000, no personal guarantees may be taken.</p> <p>For facilities above £250,000, claims on personal guarantees cannot exceed 20 per cent of losses after all other recoveries have been applied.</p> <p><b>Restrictions of use</b></p> <p>Companies that are borrowing more than £50 million through CLBILS will be subject to restrictions on dividend payments and share buy-backs during the period of the loan.</p> <p>There will be a ban on awarding any cash bonuses or pay rises to senior management except where:</p> <p>a) it was agreed in writing before the</p>	<p>months from 19 May 2020 will be subject to restrictions on dividend payments, senior pay and share buy-backs during the period of the loan, including a ban on dividend payments and cash bonuses, except where they were previously agreed.</p>	

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	<p>into equity at a Discount Rate or be repaid with a redemption premium.</p> <p>The Government shall be entitled to transfer the loan to an institutional investor acquiring a portfolio of loans in at least ten companies; or to entities within or wholly owned by central government departments.</p> <p>Further detail will be published prior to the launch of the scheme in May 2020.</p>		<p>facility was taken out; or</p> <p>b) is in keeping with similar payments made in the preceding 12 months; and</p> <p>c) does not have a material negative impact on the borrower’s ability to repay the facility.</p>		
<p><b>Procedural items and further information</b></p>	<p><b>Procedural items:</b></p> <p>Borrowers should approach their own bank, via its website in the first instance or, approach one of the 40+ accredited lenders.</p> <p>Rejection from one CBILS accredited lender does not mean an SME is unable to approach other accredited lenders.</p> <p><b>Further information</b></p> <p>From 25 March 2020, the BBB is accelerating accreditation for some</p>	<p><b>Procedural items:</b></p> <p>Borrowers should check the BBB website to find out which lenders provide the BBLS. There will be a short online application form on their lender’s website, which will self-certify whether they are eligible. In the first instance, businesses, where possible, should approach their own BBLS accredited provider.</p> <p>If a business has successfully received loans</p>	<p><b>Procedural items:</b></p> <p>The BBB will operate the CLBILS via its accredited lenders. Lenders who wish to offer larger loans over £50 million will need to undergo further accreditation checks.</p> <p>A prospective borrower will need to approach a lender who has the discretion to determine whether to lend.</p> <p>Rejection from one accredited lender does</p>	<p><b>Procedural items:</b></p> <p>Offers from issuers to sell commercial paper should be submitted by phone to the BoFE’s sterling dealing desk between 10am and 11am.</p> <p>The BoFE requires issuers wishing to offer securities in the primary market to first contact the BoFE directly to discuss eligibility or submit their completed application to CCFF-applications@bankofengland.co.uk. The application forms are available online. (Note that a</p>	<p><b>Procedural items:</b></p> <p>The BBB will operate and accept applications for the FF.</p> <p><u>Investor applies:</u></p> <p>The investor, or lead investor of a group of investors, certifies they meet the scheme eligibility criteria and provides key investment details.</p> <p><u>Company confirms:</u></p> <p>The company confirms the accuracy of the investment application details provided, before submitting the full</p>

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	<p>existing lenders to be able to provide additional variants of CBILS, and accepting applications for new lenders to undergo accreditation.</p> <p>Lenders must pay a fee to access the scheme.</p>	<p>as part of the CBILS, it will be able to transfer amounts up to £50,000 to the BBLS prior to 4 November 2020. Businesses should discuss the mechanics with their accredited lender.</p>	<p>not mean a prospective borrower is unable to approach other accredited lenders.</p> <p>Accredited Lenders making use of the scheme will pay a small fee in order to benefit from a partial (80 per cent) government guarantee on each CLBILS facility. Fees for accredited lenders under the scheme will vary according to the length of the facility.</p>	<p>guarantee may be needed if the commercial paper is issued by an entity other than the primary entity in the group, and the issuer is not rated as investment grade by credit ratings agencies. Conditions apply to the content or form of that guarantee).</p> <p>Eligible counterparties that wish to offer commercial paper to the BofE in the secondary market must confirm the eligibility of specific securities with the BofE prior to offering them for sale, using the template on the BofE’s website, and should contact CCFF-applications@bankofengland.co.uk.</p> <p>The BofE aims to confirm the eligibility of commercial paper as soon as possible. Provided confirmation is received from the BofE before 4pm on a working day, the issuer will be able to sell commercial paper to the BofE the next working day via their bank.</p> <p>A confidentiality agreement</p>	<p>application.</p> <p><u>Contract is finalised:</u></p> <p>In the case of approved applications, all parties will execute an agreement (in the <a href="#">template form</a> provided) and satisfy certain conditions set out in the agreement before the funds are released.</p>

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				<p>with the BofE will need to be signed; names of issuers and securities will not be made public.</p> <p>Settlement will normally take place on a T+2 basis.</p> <p>The BofE is able to reject applications without explanation.</p> <p><b>Further information</b></p> <p>Where two or more issuers are part of the same group, an aggregate limit may be applied.</p> <p>The CCFF will purchase securities at a spread above a reference rate, based on the current sterling overnight index swap (OIS) curve, with spreads set such that pricing is close to the market spreads prevailing before COVID-19. Differing pricing provisions exist in relation to primary and secondary market purchases.</p>	
<b>Applicable dates</b>	<p><b>Starts:</b> 23 March 2020</p> <p>Although note that the ‘expanded scheme’ to enable the eligibility of borrowers who are able to</p>	<p><b>Starts:</b> 4 May 2020</p> <p><b>Finishes:</b> 4 November 2020</p>	<p><b>Starts:</b> 20 April 2020</p> <p><b>Finishes:</b> 20 October 2020 (with the Government having the right to extend this to 31</p>	<p><b>Starts:</b> 23 March 2020</p> <p>Offers from issuers to sell to the BofE must be received and accepted by 31 December 2020. Firms are</p>	<p><b>Starts:</b> 20 May 2020</p> <p><b>Finishes:</b> The scheme will initially run until the end of September 2020</p>

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	<p>provide security (i.e. who were previously ineligible because they could not provide security) opened on 3 April 2020 and became operational on 6 April 2020. Any loans made to such borrowers since 23 March 2020 can be brought within the CBILS retrospectively, provided that the borrower meets the CBILS eligibility criteria.</p> <p><b>Finishes:</b> this scheme will initially run for six months (likely until 30 September 2020)</p>		<p>December 2020)</p>	<p>encouraged to apply as early as cash flow pressures arise.</p> <p><b>Finishes:</b> it is scheduled to last for at least 12 months, and will continue for as long as necessary to relieve cash flow pressures on eligible firms.</p> <p>The BoE will provide six months’ notice of withdrawal of the CCFF.</p>	
<p><b>Useful links</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This page provides a list of over 40 accredited lenders: <a href="https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-scheme-cbils-2/current-accredited-lenders-and-partners/">https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-scheme-cbils-2/current-accredited-lenders-and-partners/</a>.</li> <li>British Business Bank FAQs: <a href="https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/">https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This page provides a list of accredited lenders: <a href="https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-schemes/bounce-back-loans/current-accredited-lenders-and-partners/">https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-schemes/bounce-back-loans/current-accredited-lenders-and-partners/</a></li> <li>This page provides the press release from HMT 27 April 2020: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/gov">https://www.gov.uk/gov</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This page provides a list accredited lenders: <a href="https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-scheme-cbils-2/current-accredited-lenders-and-partners/">https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-scheme-cbils-2/current-accredited-lenders-and-partners/</a>.</li> <li>British Business Bank Scheme Overview: <a href="https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartner">https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartner</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HMT/BoE press release of 17 March 2020: <a href="https://www.bankofengland.co.uk/news/2020/march/hmt-and-boe-launch-a-covid-corporate-financing-facility">https://www.bankofengland.co.uk/news/2020/march/hmt-and-boe-launch-a-covid-corporate-financing-facility</a></li> <li>BoE Market Notice of 18 March 2020: <a href="https://www.bankofengland.co.uk/markets/market-notices/2020/ccff-market-notice-march-2020">https://www.bankofengland.co.uk/markets/market-notices/2020/ccff-market-notice-march-2020</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Future Fund BBB portal: <a href="https://www.uk-futurefund.co.uk/s/">https://www.uk-futurefund.co.uk/s/</a></li> <li>This page provides the UK Government’s guidance as well as the convertible loan agreement: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/future-fund#how-to-apply">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/future-fund#how-to-apply</a></li> <li>British Business Bank Scheme Overview: <a href="https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-">https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-</a></li> </ul>

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	<p>coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-scheme-cbils-2/cbils-faqs-for-smes/.</p>	<p>ernment/news/small-businesses-boosted-by-bounce-back-loans</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The UK Government’s guidance page: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/apply-for-a-coronavirus-bounce-back-loan">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/apply-for-a-coronavirus-bounce-back-loan</a></li> <li>British Business Bank FAQs: <a href="https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-schemes/bounce-back-loans/faqs-for-small-businesses/#f2">https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-schemes/bounce-back-loans/faqs-for-small-businesses/#f2</a></li> </ul>	<p>s/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-schemes/clbils/</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>British Business Bank FAQs: <a href="https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-schemes/clbils/faqs-for-businesses/#f10">https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-schemes/clbils/faqs-for-businesses/#f10</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>BoE information for issuers of 20 March 2020: <a href="https://www.bankofengland.co.uk/news/2020/march/the-covid-corporate-financing-facility">https://www.bankofengland.co.uk/news/2020/march/the-covid-corporate-financing-facility</a>.</li> <li>BoE further information for issuers: <a href="https://www.bankofengland.co.uk/markets/bank-of-england-market-operations-guide/information-for-participants">https://www.bankofengland.co.uk/markets/bank-of-england-market-operations-guide/information-for-participants</a></li> <li>ICMA Euro commercial paper materials: <a href="https://www.icmagroup.org/News/news-in-brief/icma-euro-commercial-paper-ecp-materials-to-be-made-available-to-the-wider-market/">https://www.icmagroup.org/News/news-in-brief/icma-euro-commercial-paper-ecp-materials-to-be-made-available-to-the-wider-market/</a></li> <li>Details of banks that can assist with commercial paper issuance are listed on UK Finance’s page: <a href="https://www.ukfinance.org.uk/covid-19-corporate-financing-facilities">https://www.ukfinance.org.uk/covid-19-corporate-financing-facilities</a></li> </ul>	<p>interruption-loan-schemes/future-fund/</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>British Business Bank FAQs for Companies: <a href="https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-schemes/future-fund/faqs-for-companies/">https://www.british-business-bank.co.uk/ourpartners/coronavirus-business-interruption-loan-schemes/future-fund/faqs-for-companies/</a></li> </ul>

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